CODE OF PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES FOR FAIR DISCLOSURE OF UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION

OF

DEEVEE COMMERCIALS LIMITED

(Effective from 15th May 2015)

Preamble

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), in its endeavor to protect the interests of investors in general, has formulated the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 under the powers conferred on it under the SEBI Act, 1992. These regulations were notified on 15th January, 2015 and shall come into force with effect from 120th Day from the date of its notification i.e. w.e.f. from 15th May, 2015.

These regulations shall be applicable to all companies whose shares were listed on Indian stock exchanges. It is mandatory in terms of the Regulations for every listed company/entity to formulate a Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.

In order to comply with the mandatory requirement of the Regulations, it was necessary to formulate and adopt a specific Code of Fair Disclosure for Deevee Commercials Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') for use by its Promoters, Directors, Officers, Employees, and Connected Persons.

This document embodies the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information to be adopted by the Company and followed by its Directors, Officers, Employees and Connected Persons. The Code seeks to ensure timely, fair and adequate disclosure of price sensitive information to the investor community by the Company to enable them to take informed investment decisions with regard to the Company's Securities.

Definitions

1.1 "Act" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

1.2 **"Board"** means the Board of Directors of the Company.

- 1.3 "Code" or "Code of Conduct" shall mean the Code of Internal Procedures and Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trading by Insiders of Deevee Commercials Limited as amended from time to time.
- 1.4 "Company" means Deevee Commercials Limited.
- 1.5 "Compliance Officer" means Company Secretary or such other senior officer, who is financially literate and is capable of appreciating requirements for legal and regulatory compliance under these regulations designated so and reporting to the Board of Directors and who shall be responsible for compliance of policies, procedures, maintenance of records, monitoring adherence to the rules for the preservation of unpublished price sensitive information, monitoring of trades and the implementation of the codes specified in these regulations under the overall supervision of the Board of Directors of the Company.

1.6 "Connected Person" means:

- (i) any person who is or has during the six months prior to the concerned act been associated with a company, directly or indirectly, in any capacity including by reason of frequent communication with its officers or by being in any contractual, fiduciary or employment relationship or by being a director, officer or an employee of the Company or holds any position including a professional or business relationship between himself and the Company whether temporary or permanent, that allows such person, directly or indirectly, access to unpublished price sensitive information or is reasonably expected to allow such access.
- (ii) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the persons falling within the following categories shall be deemed to be connected persons unless the contrary is established, -
- (a) an immediate relative of connected persons specified in clause (i); or
- (b) a holding company or associate company or subsidiary company; or
- (c) an intermediary as specified in Section 12 of the Act or an employee or director thereof; or
- (d) an investment company, trustee company, asset management company or an employee or director thereof; or
- (e) an official of a stock exchange or of clearing house or corporation; or

(f) a member of board of trustees of a mutual fund or a member of the board of directors of the asset management company of a mutual fund or is an employee thereof; or

(g) a member of the Board of directors or an employee, of a public financial institution as defined in section 2 (72) of the Companies Act, 2013; or

- (h) an official or an employee of a self-regulatory organization recognized or authorized by the Board; or
- (i) a banker of the Company; or

(j) a concern, firm, trust, hindu undivided family, company or association of persons wherein a director of the Company or his immediate relative or banker of the Company, has more than ten per cent, of the holding or interest.

1.7 "Designated Employee(s)" / "Designated Persons" shall include:

- (i) Promoters and promoter group
- (ii) Employees of the Company
- (iii) Employees of material subsidiaries as designated by their Board of Directors
- (iv) Support staff of the Company including secretarial staff, IT staff, accounts department having access to UPSI
- (v) Any other person as identified by the Compliance Officer from time to time.

1.8 "Director" means a member of the Board of Directors of the Company.

1.9 "Employee" means every employee of the Company including the Directors in the employment of the Company.

1.10 "Generally available Information" means information that is accessible to the public on a nondiscriminatory basis.

1.11 "Immediate Relative" means a spouse of a person, and includes parent, sibling, and child of such person or of the spouse, any of whom is either dependent financially on such person, or consults such person in taking decisions relating to trading in securities.

1.12 "Insider" means any person who is,

(i) a connected person; or

(ii) in possession of or having access to unpublished price sensitive information.

1.13 "Key Managerial Person" means person as defined in Section 2(51) of the Companies Act,2013.

1.14 **"Promoter"** shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 or any modification thereof;

1.15 "Securities" shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956) or any modification thereof except units of a mutual fund;

1.16 **"Takeover regulations"** means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 and any amendments thereto;

1.17 "**Trading**" means and includes subscribing, buying, selling, dealing, or agreeing to subscribe, buy, sell, deal in any securities, and "trade" shall be construed accordingly;

1.18 "Trading Day" means a day on which the recognized stock exchanges are open for trading;

1.19 **"Unpublished Price Sensitive Information**" means any information, relating to a company or its securities, directly or indirectly, that is not generally available which upon becoming generally available, is likely to materially affect the price of the securities and shall, ordinarily including but not restricted to, information relating to the following:

- (i) financial results;
- (ii) dividends;
- (iii) change in capital structure;

(iv) mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delisting, disposals and expansion of business and such other transactions;

(v) changes in key managerial personnel; and

(vi) material events in accordance with the listing agreement.

1.20 **"Regulations"** shall mean the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and any amendments thereto.

1.21 **"Specified Persons"** means the Directors, connected persons, the insiders, the Designated Employees and the promoters and immediate relatives are collectively referred to as Specified Persons.

Words and expressions used and not defined in these regulations but defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956), the Depositories Act, 1996 (22 of 1996) or the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) and rules and regulations made there under shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those legislation.

2. Role of Compliance Officer

2.1 The Compliance Officer shall report on insider trading to the Board of Directors of the Company and in particular, shall provide reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, if any, or to the Chairman of the Board of Directors at such frequency as may be stipulated by the Board of Directors.

2.2 The Compliance Officer shall assist all employees in addressing any clarifications regarding the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and the Company's Code of Conduct.

3. Preservation of "Price Sensitive Information"

3.1 All information shall be handled within the Company on a need-to-know basis and no unpublished price sensitive information shall be communicated to any person except in furtherance of the insider's legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of his legal obligations.

Unpublished price sensitive information may be communicated, provided, allowed access to or procured, in connection with a transaction which entails:

- an obligation to make an open offer under the takeover regulations where the Board of Directors of the Company is of informed opinion that the proposed transaction is in the best interests of the Company; or

- not attracting the obligation to make an open offer under the takeover regulations but where the Board of Directors of the Company is of informed opinion that the proposed transaction is in the best interests of the Company and the information that constitute unpublished price sensitive information is disseminated to be made generally available at least two trading days prior to the proposed transaction being effected in such form as the Board of Directors may determine.

However, the Board of Directors shall require the parties to execute agreements to contract confidentiality and non-disclosure obligations on the part of such parties and such parties shall keep information so received confidential, except for the limited purposes as allowed under the Regulations and shall not otherwise trade in securities of the Company when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information.

3.2 Need to Know:

(i) "need to know" basis means that Unpublished Price Sensitive Information should be disclosed only to those within the Company who need the information to discharge their duty and whose possession of such information will not give rise to a conflict of interest or appearance of misuse of the information.

(ii) All non-public information directly received by any employee should immediately be reported to the head of the department.

3.3 Limited access to confidential information files containing confidential information shall be kept secure. Computer files must have adequate security of login and password, etc.

4. Prevention of misuse of "Unpublished Price Sensitive Information"

Employees and connected persons designated on the basis of their functional role ("designated persons") in the Company shall be governed by an internal code of conduct governing dealing in securities.

4.1 Trading Plan

An insider shall be entitle to formulate a trading plan for dealing in securities of the Company and present it to the Compliance Officer for approval and public disclosure pursuant to which trades may be carried out on his behalf in accordance with such plan.

4.2 Trading Plan shall:

(i) not entail commencement of trading on behalf of the insider earlier than six months from the public disclosure of the plan;

(ii) not entail trading for the period between the twentieth trading day prior to the last day of any financial period for which results are required to be announced by the issuer of the securities and the second trading day after the disclosure of such financial results;

(iii) entail trading for a period of not less than twelve months;

(iv) not entail overlap of any period for which another trading plan is already in existence;

(v) set out either the value of trades to be effected or the number of securities to be traded along with the nature of the trade and the intervals at, or dates on which such trades shall be effected; and

(vi) not entail trading in securities for market abuse.

4.3 The Compliance Officer shall consider the Trading Plan made as above and shall approve it forthwith. However, he shall be entitled to take express undertakings as may be necessary to enable such assessment and to approve and monitor the implementation of the plan as per provisions of the Regulations.

4.4 The Trading Plan once approved shall be irrevocable and the Insider shall mandatorily have to implement the plan, without being entitled to either deviate from it or to execute any trade in the securities outside the scope of the trading plan. However, the implementation of the trading plan shall not be commenced, if at the time of formulation of the plan, the Insider is in possession of any unpublished price sensitive information and the said information has not become generally available at the time of the commencement of implementation. The commencement of the Plan shall be deferred until such unpublished price sensitive information becomes generally available information. Further, the Insider shall also not be allowed to deal in securities of the Company, if the date of trading in securities of the Company, as per the approved Trading Plan, coincides with the date of closure of Trading Window announced by the Compliance Officer.

4.5 Upon approval of the trading plan, the compliance officer shall notify the plan to the stock exchanges on which the securities are listed.

5. Trading Window and Window Closure

5.1 (i) The trading period, i.e. the trading period of the stock exchanges, called 'trading window", is available for trading in the Company's securities.

(ii) The trading window shall be, inter alia, closed 7 days prior to and during the time the unpublished price sensitive information is published.

(iii) When the trading window is closed, the Specified Persons shall not trade in the Company's securities in such period.

(iv) All Specified Persons shall conduct all their dealings in the securities of the Company only in a valid trading window and shall not deal in any transaction involving the purchase or sale of the Company's securities during the periods when the trading window is closed, as referred to in Point No. (ii) above or during any other period as may be specified by the Company from time to time.

(v) In case of ESOPs, exercise of option may be allowed in the period when the trading window is closed. However, sale of shares allotted on exercise of ESOPs shall not be allowed when trading is closed.

5.2 The Compliance Officer shall intimate the closure of trading window to all the designated employees of the Company when he determines that a designated person or class of designated persons can reasonably be expected to have possession of unpublished price sensitive information. Such closure shall be imposed in relation to such securities to which such unpublished price sensitive information relates.

5.3 The Compliance Officer after taking into account various factors including the unpublished price sensitive information in question becoming generally available and being capable of assimilation by the market, shall decide the timing for re-opening of the trading window, however in any event it shall not be earlier than forty-eight hours after the information becomes generally available.

5.4 The trading window shall also be applicable to any person having contractual or fiduciary relation with the Company, such as auditors, accountancy firms, law firms, analysts, consultants etc., assisting or advising the Company.

6. Pre-clearance of trades

6.1 All Specified Persons, who intend to deal in the securities of the Company when the trading window is opened and if the value of the proposed trades is more than Rs. 10 Lakhs (market value) or 1% of total shareholding, whichever is less, should pre-clear the transaction. However, no designated person shall be entitled to apply for pre-clearance of any proposed trade if such designated person is in possession of unpublished price sensitive information even if the trading window is not closed and hence he shall not be allowed to trade.

The pre-dealing procedure shall be hereunder:

(i) An application may be made in the prescribed Form to the Compliance officer indicating the estimated number of securities that the Specified Employee intends to deal in, the details as to the depository with which he has a security account, the details as to the securities in such

depository mode and such other details as may be required by any rule made by the company in this behalf.

(ii) An undertaking shall be executed in favour of the Company by such (Designated Employee / Person) incorporating, inter alia, the following clauses, as may be applicable:

(a) That the employee/director/officer does not have any access or has not received "Price Sensitive Information" up to the time of signing the undertaking.

(b) That in case the Designated Employee / Person has access to or receives "Price Sensitive Information" after the signing of the undertaking but before the execution of the transaction he/she shall inform the Compliance Officer of the change in his position and that he/she would completely refrain from dealing in the securities of the Company till the time such information becomes public.

(c) That he/she has not contravened the code of conduct for prevention of insider trading as notified by the Company from time to time.

(d) That he/she has made a full and true disclosure in the matter.

(iii) All Specified Persons shall execute their order in respect of securities of the Company within one week after the approval of pre-clearance is given. The Specified Person shall file within 2 (two) days of the execution of the deal, the details of such deal with the Compliance Officer in the prescribed form. In case the transaction is not undertaken, a report to that effect shall be filed.

(iv) If the order is not executed within seven days after the approval is given, the employee/director must pre-clear the transaction again.

(v) All Specified Persons who buy or sell any number of shares of the Company shall not enter into an opposite transaction i.e. sell or buy any number of shares during the next six months following the prior transaction. All Specified Persons shall also not take positions in derivative transactions in the shares of the Company at any time. In case of any contra trade be executed, inadvertently or otherwise, in violation of such a restriction, the profits from such trade shall be liable to be disgorged for remittance to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) for credit to the Investor Protection and Education Fund administered by SEBI under the Act.

In case of subscription in the primary market (initial public offers), the above mentioned entities shall hold their investments for a minimum period of 30 days. The holding period would commence when the securities are actually allotted.

(vi) The Compliance Officer may waive off the holding period in case of sale of securities in personal emergency after recording reasons for the same. However, no such sale will be permitted when the Trading window is closed.

7. Other Restrictions

7.1 The disclosures to be made by any person under this Code shall include those relating to trading by such person's immediate relatives, and by any other person for whom such person takes trading decisions.

7.2 The disclosures of trading in securities shall also include trading in derivatives of securities and the traded value of the derivatives shall be taken into account for purposes of this Code.

7.3 The disclosures made under this Code shall be maintained for a period of five years.

8. Reporting Requirements for transactions in securities.

Initial Disclosure

8.1 Every promoter / Key Managerial Personnel / Director/ Officers / Designated Employees of the Company, shall within thirty days of these regulations taking effect, shall forward to the Company the details of all holdings in securities of the Company presently held by them including the statement of holdings of dependent family members in the prescribed Form.

8.2 Every person on appointment as a key managerial personnel or a director of the Company or upon becoming a promoter shall disclose his holding of securities of the Company as on the date of appointment or becoming a promoter, to the Company within seven days of such appointment or becoming a promoter.

Continual Disclosure

8.3 Every promoter, employee and director of the Company shall disclose to the Company the number of such securities acquired or disposed of within two trading days of such transaction if the value of the securities traded, whether in one transaction or a series of transactions over any calendar quarter, aggregates to a traded value in excess of Rs. Ten Lakhs. The disclosure shall be made within 2 working days of:

(a) the receipt of intimation of allotment of shares, or

(b) the acquisition or sale of shares or voting rights, as the case may be.

9. Disclosure by the Company to the Stock Exchange(s).

9.1 Within 2 days of the receipt of intimation under Clause 8.3, the Compliance Officer shall disclose to all Stock Exchanges on which the Company is listed, the information received.

9.2 The Compliance officer shall maintain records of all the declarations in the appropriate form given by the directors / officers / designated employees for a minimum period of five years.

10. Dissemination of Price Sensitive Information.

10.1 No information shall be passed by Specified Persons by way of making a recommendation for the purchase or sale of securities of the Company.

10.2 Disclosure/dissemination of Price Sensitive Information with special reference to analysts, media persons and institutional investors:

The following guidelines shall be followed while dealing with analysts and institutional investors:

• Only public information to be provided.

• At least two Company representatives be present at meetings with analysts, media persons and institutional investors.

• Unanticipated questions may be taken on notice and a considered response given later. If the answer includes price sensitive information, a public announcement should be made before responding.

• Simultaneous release of information after every such meet.

11. Penalty for contravention of the code of conduct.

11.1 Every Specified Person shall be individually responsible for complying with the provisions of the Code (including to the extent the provisions hereof are applicable to his/her dependents).

11.2 Any Specified Person who trades in securities or communicates any information for trading in securities, in contravention of this Code may be penalised and appropriate action may be taken by the Company.

11.3 Specified Persons who violate the Code shall also be subject to disciplinary action by the Company, which may include wage freeze, suspension, ineligibility for future participation in employee stock option plans, etc.

11.4 The action by the Company shall not preclude SEBI from taking any action in case of violation of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

12. Code of Fair Disclosure.

A code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information for adhering each of the principles is set out below:

(i) Prompt public disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information that would impact price discovery no sooner than credible and concrete information comes into being in order to make such information generally available.

(ii) Uniform and universal dissemination of unpublished price sensitive information to avoid selective disclosure.

(iii) Designation of a senior officer as a chief investor relations officer to deal with dissemination of information and disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information.

(iv) Prompt dissemination of unpublished price sensitive information that gets disclosed selectively, inadvertently or otherwise to make such information generally available.

(v) Appropriate and fair response to queries on news reports and requests for verification of market rumours by regulatory authorities.

(vi) Ensuring that information shared with analysts and research personnel is not unpublished price sensitive information.

(vii) Developing best practices to make transcripts or records of proceedings of meetings with analysts and other investor relations conferences on the official website to ensure official confirmation and documentation of disclosures made.

(viii) Handling of all unpublished price sensitive information on a need-to-know basis.

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13. Formats for disclosures.

All disclosures shall be made in such forms / formats as may be prescribed by the SEBI under the Regulations from time to time or by the Compliance Officer of the Company, if any form / format are not prescribed by the SEBI.

The "Policy for Determination of Legitimate Business Purposes" and "Policy and Procedure for inquiry in case of leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information ("UPSI") or suspected leak of UPSI" forms part of Code of Fair Disclosures and Conduct formulated under the PIT Regulations and are annexed herewith as Annexure A and B respectively.

Annexure-A

POLICY FOR DETERMINATION OF LEGITIMATE BUSINESS PURPOSE

[Under Regulation 9(A) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended]

Objective:

In terms of Regulation 3(2A) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("PIT Regulations") it is necessary for the Board of Directors of a Listed Company to make a policy for determination of "Legitimate Purposes". The objective of the policy is to regulate and monitor communication of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information ("UPSI") for legitimate business purposes in the best interest of the Company and to ensure that such information is shared on 'need to know' basis and not misused by the recipient thereof and it should be treated as part of Code of Fair Disclosures and Conduct formulated under the PIT Regulations.

Definition:

"Legitimate Business Purpose" means any purpose furthering or in the best interest of the Company and shall include the following in connection with:

- (i) the preparation of financial statements,
- (ii) fulfilment of any statutory obligation or compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- (iii) any filing with or investigation, inquiry or request for information by a Governmental Authority,
- (iv) availing/renewal of any financial facility and/or compliance with requirements set forth in any credit facility or other agreement evidencing Indebtedness or otherwise required by financing sources thereof,
- (v) Due Diligence relating to acquisition/ takeover/ merger/ demerger or any other similar arrangement/restructuring of the company or its division/ brand/ products, etc.,
- (vi) Sharing of information with consultants/ advisers/ lawyers, etc., (vii) fulfilment of a preexisting obligation.

Policy:

1. Any UPSI shall be shared by a "designated person" only on a "need to know" basis and only for Legitimate Business Purpose ("LBP"). Any such communication or sharing of UPSI shall be in furtherance of and in the best interest of the Company.

- 2. All persons in receipt of such UPSI shall be considered as "insider" and shall not trade in securities of the Company when in possession of such UPSI. Such "insiders" are obliged to comply with the requirements of PIT Regulations.
- 3. The Company shall maintain a structured digital data base of all such persons containing the name, address, Permanent Account Number (PAN) or any other Identifier if PAN not available, nature of UPSI, LBP for which the information or communication was shared and date and time wherein such UPSI was shared.
- 4. The Company shall before sharing of such information serve a notice on or sign a Confidentiality/ Non-Disclosure Agreement with, the person with whom UPSI is shared informing him/ her that he/ she has to ensure the compliance of PIT Regulations while in possession of UPSI.
- 5. If information/ communication is shared with several persons representing a firm/ entity which has been appointed or has the duty to carry out a legitimate business purpose, the notice to or Confidentiality/ Non-Disclosure Agreement has to be entered into with each such person.
- 6. Where information/ communication is shared with any Regulatory or statutory or Government Authority, the said Authority may be put to notice with respect to dealing with such UPSI and compliance of PIT Regulations.

Annexure B

POLICY AND PROCEDURE FOR INQUIRY IN CASE OF LEAK OF UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION ("UPSI") OR SUSPECTED LEAK OF UPSI

[Under Regulation 9(A) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended]

Preamble:

The SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("PIT Regulations") mandates every listed company to formulate a written policy and procedures for inquiry in case of leak of unpublished price sensitive information and initiate appropriate action on becoming aware of leak of unpublished price sensitive information and inform the Board promptly of such leaks, inquiries and results of such inquiries. This policy has been formulated as part of Company's Code of Fair Disclosures and Conduct. This Policy is framed with an aim to implement a structured procedure for investigation in case of leak or suspected leak of UPSI.

Applicability:

This policy shall apply to all Insiders and any other persons as assigned by law from time to time.

Process of inquiry in case of leak of UPSI or suspected leak of UPSI

1. Complaint (written or oral or electronic) regarding a leak or suspected leak of UPSI may be received by the Company from the following sources:

a. Internal:

i. Whistle blower vide the Whistle blower Policy of the Company;

ii. Any leak or suspected leak of UPSI detected through the trols implemented by the Company.

b. External: Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Depository, Stock Exchange, Regional Director, Registrar of Companies, regulatory / statutory authority or any other department of Central or State Government based on the complaint received from a whistle blower (above shall be collectively referred to as "Complaint(s)"

2. The Compliance Officer shall report the Complaint to the Audit Committee within a reasonable time from the date of receipt of the Complaint;

3. The Audit Committee shall review the Complaint and shall discuss with the Compliance Officer on potential next steps including but not limited to seek additional information to consider an investigation, disclosure requirements to the regulatory authorities, appointment of an investigation panel, if required. If the Complaint implicates the Compliance Officer, then they shall recuse themselves from the said inquiry process;

4. If the Audit Committee mandates an investigation, then the identified panel of investigators shall conduct the investigation into the Complaint(s) and present their findings to the Compliance Officer. The executive summary of the investigation shall be reported to the Audit Committee by the Compliance Officer;

5. Based on the update provided by the Compliance Officer, the Audit Committee shall put forward its recommendation to the Board. The Board, on receipt of such recommendation and after due review/deliberations, shall decide on the next steps;